

Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

AQUALITE SILK - SATIN

Date of first edition: 3/13/2025

Safety Data Sheet dated 06/05/2026

version 2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: AQUALITE SILK - SATIN

Trade code: 001033026

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Paints/coatings - Decorative

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Interior/exterior trim and cladding paints for wood and metal

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/d): 130 g/l

This product contains max 68.57 g/l VOC.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: Contains biocidal product: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1); MIT; BIT; OIT; IPBC; The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments. Possible skin exposure must be avoided. Protective gloves and work clothes are required. Avoid releasing product into the environment. When washing work equipment, water must not be dispersed in the soil or on surface water

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: AQUALITE SILK - SATIN

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥ 0.3 - <0.5 %	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CAS:34590-94-8 EC:252-104-2	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.	01-2119450011-60
≥ 0.05 - <0.1 %	3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	CAS:55406-53-6 EC:259-627-5 Index:616-212-00-7	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT RE 1, H372; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:10, M-Acute:10 Acute Toxicity Estimate : ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.17 mg/l	
≥ 0.05 - <0.1 %	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	CAS:112-34-5 EC:203-961-6 Index:603-096-00-8	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119475104-44
<0.036 %	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:1 Specific Concentration Limits: C $\geq 0.036\%$: Skin Sens. 1A H317	
<0.01 %	bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	CAS:52-51-7 EC:200-143-0 Index:603-085-00-8	STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H331, M-Chronic:10, M-Acute:100	
<0.0015 %	2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	CAS:26530-20-1 EC:247-761-7 Index:613-112-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Corrosive to the respiratory tract., M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100 Specific Concentration Limits: C $\geq 0.0015\%$: Skin Sens. 1A H317 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 125mg/kg bw ATE - Dermal: 311mg/kg bw	
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic	

		Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071	
		Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	
<0.0015 % ethanediol; ethylene glycol	CAS:107-21-1 EC:203-473-3	Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT RE 2, H373	01-2119456816-28
<0.0015 % 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS:2682-20-4 EC:220-239-6 Index:613-326-00-9	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M- Acute:10, EUH071	
		Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	
<0.0015 % Pyrithione zinc	CAS:13463-41-7 EC:236-671-3 Index:613-333-00-7	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 3, H301; STOT RE 1, H372; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Repr. 1B, H360, M-Chronic:10, M- Acute:1000	
		Acute Toxicity Estimate : ATE - Oral : 221 mg/kg bw	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

N.A.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Remove persons to safety.
- See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

- Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
- In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
- Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
- Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
- Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
- Do not eat or drink while working.
- See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

- None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

- Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

- This product contains microplastics: do not release the product into the environment during use or disposal. Do not clean tools under running water. Do not pour product residues, water, or other washing solutions into household drains or sewers.

- None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

- None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
Titanium dioxide CAS: 13463-67-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 2.5 mg/m ³ (8h) Finescale particles; R ; A3 - LRT irr, pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2.4 mg/m ³ DFG; Long term and short term: excluding ultrafine particles; respirable fraction; multiplied by the material density; Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³

		Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 15 mg/m3 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 60(Miw), 2x, MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 K Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Cancérogène de catégorie 2 Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 εισπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/A` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 αvapn. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/A` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), SSC, Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 111-90-0	NATIONAL	GERMANY Long Term: 35 mg/m3 - 6 ppm AGS, Y, 11, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA Long Term: 35 mg/m3 - 6 ppm; Short Term: 70 mg/m3 - 12 ppm Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA Long Term: 35 mg/m3 - 6 ppm; Short Term: 140 mg/m3 - 24 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN Long Term: 80 mg/m3 - 15 ppm; Short Term: 170 mg/m3 - 30 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND Long Term: 50 mg/m3; Short Term: 100 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), SSC, VRS / OAW, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol

Propane-1,2-diol CAS: 57-55-6			vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 474 mg/m ³ - 150 ppm Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 470 mg/m ³ - 150 ppm Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m ³ Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 79 mg/m ³ - 25 ppm Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
Barium sulfate CAS: 7727-43-7	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 100 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	ACGIH		Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ (8h) I, E - Pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ e Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ 10) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1.5 mg/m ³ 11) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Formel / Formal Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Silicon dioxide CAS: 112926-00-8	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)
propanol
CAS: 34590-94-8

NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm (8h) Liver & CNS eff
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 310 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm DFG, EU, 11, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOUR G	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm; Short Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm K, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 307 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 614 mg/m ³ - 100 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m ³ D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb

	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 309 mg/m3 - 50 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm A Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 900 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 EU1, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m3; Short Term: 480 mg/m3 skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND D	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm VR Yeux Nez / AW Auge Nase, NIOSH, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h) Skin
Polyethylene low density CAS: 9002-88-4	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop- 2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate CAS: 55406-53-6	SUVA	SWITZERLAND D	Long Term: 0.12 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm; Short Term: 0.24 mg/m3 - 0.02 ppm S, SSC, Cholin / Cholin, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.058 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm DFG, Y, Sh, 11, 2 (I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.058 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: 0.116 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021

Propylidynetrimethanol CAS: 77-99-6	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 5 ppm Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: AFS 2021:3
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 112-34-5	ACGIH		Long Term: 10 ppm (8h) IFV - Hematologic, liver and kidney eff
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 70 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m ³ I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 68 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 68 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ EU2, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 100 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm; Short Term: 200 mg/m ³ - 30 ppm Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 50 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 100 mg/m ³ H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 68 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 67 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 100 mg/m ³ Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 68 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND D	Long Term: 67 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm SSC, Rein Sang Foie / Niere Blut Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: 2006/15/EZ
	NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 67 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm EU, DFG, Y, 11, 1, 5 (I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 202/Α` 23.8.2007

	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 12 ppm IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
	NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: S.L.424.24
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Dir. 2006/15 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm Y, EU2 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm VLI, r Source: LEP 2022
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -hydro- ω -hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated CAS: 25322-68-3	EU		Long Term: 67.5 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm (8h); Short Term: 101.2 mg/m ³ - 15 ppm
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 200 mg/m ³ DFG, Y, E, 2 (II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1000 mg/m ³ Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
Sodium benzoate CAS: 532-32-1	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 500 mg/m ³ SSC, Mcorp / KG Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	Short Term: 5 mg/m ³ (15min)
	ACGIH		Long Term: 2.5 mg/m ³ (8h) I,Skin, A5 - Kidney changes
sodium nitrite CAS: 7632-00-0	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ DFG, Y, H, E, 2 (II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 20 mg/m ³ K, Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 0.1 mg/m ³ Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
2-amino-2-methylpropanol CAS: 124-68-5	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 3 ppm Source: At-vejledning C.0.1-1
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 8.7 mg/m ³ - 2.4 ppm; Short Term: 17.4 mg/m ³ - 4.8 ppm R/H, SSC, Foie / Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m ³ - 1 ppm DFG, H, Y, 11, 2(II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m ³ - 1 ppm; Short Term: 7.4 mg/m ³ - 2 ppm K, Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
Kaolin CAS: 1332-58-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ (8h) E,R, A4 - Pneumoconiosis

2,2' -oxybisethanol;
diethylene glycol
CAS: 111-46-6

NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Fib pulm / Lungenfibrose Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 44 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 176 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 11 mg/m ³ - 2.5 ppm Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 45 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 90 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm A Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 45 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 90 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 44 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 90 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLADY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 45 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 90 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 44 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 176 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm SSC, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 101 mg/m ³ - 23 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 101 mg/m ³ - 23 ppm Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 44 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm DFG, Y, 11, 4(II) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 100 mg/m ³ - 23 ppm Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 500 mg/m ³ - 115 ppm; Short Term: 800 mg/m ³ - 184 ppm Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 44 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 176 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm

			Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one CAS: 26530-20-1	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.05 mg/m3 Mow, MAK, H, S, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), R/H, S, VRS / OAW Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 DFG, H, Y, E, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.1 mg/m3 K, Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m3 (8h); Short Term: 10 mg/m3 R - Metal fume fever
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 5 mg/m3 Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 i, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 i, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248

ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS: 107-21-1	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 1 mg/m ³ 11) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Fimétal / Metallrauch, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ GVI: R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ OEL (8-hour reference period) : R Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ (Fumuri) Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ d Source: LEP 2022
	ACGIH		Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ I, H, A4 - URT irr
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 26 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m ³ D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 26 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm A, 18 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 50 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 100 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 125 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm; Short Term: 125 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ b, i, EU1, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm O, Šis RD taikomas bendrai garų ir aerozolio koncentracijai. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389

NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm H E 5 S Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 15 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 50 mg/m ³ skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 25 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm H, 26 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 26 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm; Short Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm R/H, SSC, VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm D, M Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 26 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm DFG, EU, H, Y, 11, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021

sodium hydroxide; caustic soda CAS: 1310-73-2	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm K, Y, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
	EU		Long Term: 52 mg/m ³ - 20 ppm (8h); Short Term: 104 mg/m ³ - 40 ppm Skin
	ACGIH		Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ URT, eye, and skin irr
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 3 mg/m ³
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 4 mg/m ³ 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ L Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ * Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ kattoarvo Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ m, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ T Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 1 mg/m ³ Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (i), SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ M

NATIONAL	CROATIA	Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: LEP 2022

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one NATIONAL SLOVENIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m³ (8h)
CAS: 2682-20-4

NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
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octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane NATIONAL AUSTRIA f
CAS: 556-67-2 Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate
CAS: 55406-53-6
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 500 ng/L

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 530 ng/L

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 46 ng/L

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 530 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 440 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 440 ng/L

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 1.1 mg/l

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol;
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether
CAS: 112-34-5

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 11 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 110 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 200 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 440 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 320 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Secondary poisoning; PNEC Limit: 56 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one
CAS: 2634-33-5
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 4.03 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.1 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 403 ng/L

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 110 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.03 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 49.9 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.99 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/kg

bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol
CAS: 52-51-7
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 2.5 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 800 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 430 µg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 41 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.28 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 500 µg/kg

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one CAS: 26530-20-1	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 2.2 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.22 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 220 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 122 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 47.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 47.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 8.2 µg/kg
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l
ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS: 107-21-1	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 199.5 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 37 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.7 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1.53 mg/kg
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2682-20-4	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 47.1 µg/kg
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 90 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 90 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 9.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 9.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1.02 mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate CAS: 55406-53-6	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 23 µg/m ³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 70 µg/m ³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 1.16 mg/m ³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 1.16 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 2 mg/kg

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol;
diethylene glycol
monobutyl ether
CAS: 112-34-5

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 67.5 mg/m³; Consumer: 40.5 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 67.5 mg/m³; Consumer: 40.5 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 101.2 mg/m³; Consumer: 60.7 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 83 mg/kg; Consumer: 50 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 5 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one
CAS: 2634-33-5

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 6.81 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.2 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 966 µg/kg; Consumer: 345 µg/kg

bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol
CAS: 52-51-7

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 4.1 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.2 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 12.3 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 4.2 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.3 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 4.2 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.3 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 2.3 mg/kg; Consumer: 1.4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 7 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 350 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 1.1 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 0.013 mg/cm²; Consumer: 0.008 mg/cm²

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 0.013 mg/cm²; Consumer: 0.008 mg/cm²

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 20 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 40 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 90 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 110 µg/kg

ethanediol; ethylene glycol
CAS: 107-21-1

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 35 mg/m³; Consumer: 7 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 106 mg/kg; Consumer: 53 mg/kg

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one
CAS: 2682-20-4

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 21 µg/m³; Consumer: 21 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 43 µg/m³; Consumer: 43 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 27 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 53 µg/kg

Pyrithione zinc
CAS: 13463-41-7

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 10 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness ≥0,35mm; breakthrough time ≥480min.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

This product contains microplastics: do not release the product into the environment during use or disposal. Do not clean tools under running water. Do not pour product residues, water, or other washing solutions into household drains or sewers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: In compliance with the product description

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A. (Data not available)

pH: =8.00 (OECD 122)

Kinematic viscosity: N.A. (Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification)

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: Not Applicable

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A. (Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable)

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.25 g/cm³ (ISO 2811)

Solubility in water: Miscible

Solubility in oil: N.A. (Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. (Not applicable to mixtures)

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. (Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable)

Decomposition temperature: N.A. (Not applicable, as the mixture is not self-reactive)

Flammability: ; Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 5.49 % ; 68.57 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

(Not applicable, the mixture contains no explosive groups)

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3- iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.17 mg/l	
		LD50 Oral Rat = 1056 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.89 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Negative	Mouse
	g) reproductive toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity Oral Rat Negative	
2-(2- butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Mouse = 2410 mg/kg	LD50 2 410 - 5 530 mg/kg

		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 2764 mg/kg	LD50 2 410 - 5 530 mg/kg
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 1h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rodent = 720 mg/kg	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Positive	irreversible damage
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 112 mg/kg	
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 305 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat >= 0.59 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat 200	
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 125 mg/kg bw	
		ATE - Dermal : 311 mg/kg bw	
		LD50 Oral Rat = 125 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Mist Rat = 0.27 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 311 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	

	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative Carcinogenicity Skin Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg	
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 7712 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat > 2.5 mg/l 6h LD50 Skin Mouse > 3500 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No 24h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative Carcinogenicity Negative	Oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat > 1000 mg/kg	
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat = 0.1 mg/l 4h LD50 Oral Rat = 120 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rat = 242 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	Oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity Oral Rat = 200 Ppm	NOAEL
Pyrithione zinc	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 221 mg/kg bw LD50 Oral Rat = 269 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat = 0.14 mg/l 4h LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 24h	14 days
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative Carcinogenicity Oral Rat = 0.5 mg/kg Carcinogenicity Skin = 5 mg/kg	NOAEL NOAEL; mouse
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 1.4 mg/kg	

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	CAS: 55406-53-6 - EINECS: 259-627-5 - INDEX: 616-212-00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Sheapshed minnow = 0.067 mg/L 96h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Pimephales promelas = 8.4 µg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 35days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.645 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 49.9 µg/L OECD 202 - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 53 µg/L 72h „OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Sludge activated sludge = 44 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209 e) Plant toxicity : LC50 Avena sativa = 4.92 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test)
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	CAS: 112-34-5 - EINECS: 203-961-6 - INDEX: 603-096-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus = 1.3 mg/L 96h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : LC10 Fish freshwater fish = 396 mg/L QSAR model a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 1101 mg/L 48h OECD 202 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : LC10 Daphnia freshwater invertebrates = 112 mg/L protocol: QSAR - 14days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 100 mg/L 96h OECD201 c) Bacteria toxicity : EC10 Sludge Activated sludge = 1995 mg/L
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 2.15 mg/L 96h OECD Guideline 203 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 2.9 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae green alga Selenastrum capricornutum freshwater algae = 110 µg/L OECD Guideline 201 d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 Worm Eisenia fetida > 410.6 mg/kg OECD Guideline 207 - Duration 14d d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 263.7 mg/kg - long term a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge 10.3 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209 e) Plant toxicity : LC50 Triticum aestivum = 200 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208

bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	CAS: 52-51-7 - EINECS: 200-143-0 - INDEX: 603-085-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> = 37.5 mg/L 96h US EPA Guideline OPP 72 -1 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 21.5 mg/L OECD guideline 210 - 49days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 1.4 mg/L 48h OECD guideline 202 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.27 mg/L OECD guideline 202 - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> = 0.08 mg/L 72h ISO 10253 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC20 Sludge activated sludge = 2 mg/L OECD 209 d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm <i>Eisenia foetida</i> > 500 mg/kg OECD 207 d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 soil microorganisms = 679 mg/kg OECD guideline 216 - 28days
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	CAS: 26530-20-1 - EINECS: 247-761-7 - INDEX: 613-112-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish freshwater fish = 0.122 mg/L dossier ECHA b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Fish = 0.022 mg/L dossier ECHA a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 freshwater invertebrates = 0.181 mg/L dossier ECHA b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 freshwater invertebrates = 0.035 mg/L dossier ECHA LC50 Algae freshwater algae = 0.15 mg/L
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish <i>Danio rerio</i> = 0.02 mg/L „OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> = 0 mg/L 96h „OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h „OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test) d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm <i>Eisenia fetida</i> = 613 mg/kg „OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days e) Plant toxicity : NOEC <i>Trifolium pratense</i>, <i>Oryza sativa</i>, <i>Brassica napus</i> = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	CAS: 107-21-1 - EINECS: 203-473-3	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Pimephales promelas</i> = 72860 mg/L 96h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = 15380 mg/L - 7 days b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> = 8590 mg/L - 7days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae <i>Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata</i> = 100 mg/L 72h OECD guideline 201
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2682-20-4 - EINECS: 220-239-6 - INDEX: 613-326-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 4.77 mg/L 96h „OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 4.93 mg/L
Dossier ECHA

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.93 mg/L 48h
OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.04 mg/L OECD
Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test) - Duration 21d

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum = 0.1 mg/L
72h Dossier ECHA

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge of a predominantly
domestic sewage = 41 mg/L 3h „OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge,
Respiration Inhibition Test

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 freshwater sediment = 50 mg/kg Duration
28d Draft OECD Guideline (now OECD Guideline 225) - 28days

Pyrithione zinc

CAS: 13463-41-
7 - EINECS:
236-671-3 -
INDEX: 613-
333-00-7

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 2.6 µg/L 96h US
EPA-
72-1

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 8.2 µg/L US EPA-
72-2

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Navicula pelliculosa = 3 µg/L dossier
ECHA

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Pimephales promelas = 1.22
µg/L „OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 28days

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Lemna gibba = 9.6 µg/L EPA OPPTS
850.4400 (Aquatic Plant Toxicity Test using Lemna spp. Tiers I & II))

d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Folsomia candida = 822 mg/kg ISO 11267
(Inhibition of Reproduction of Collembola by Soil Pollutants)

e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Tomato, Cucumber, Lettuce, Soybean, Cabbage,
Carrot, Oat > 0.49 µg/L USEPA OPPTS 850.4100

d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Avian Northern Bobwhite = 60 mg/kg EPA FIFRA
Guideline 71-1 - 14days

d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC Avian Northern Bobwhite = 31.2 mg/kg EPA
FIFRA Guideline 71-1 - 14days

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistance/Degradability:	Test	Value	Notes:
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn- 1-yl butylcarbamate	Non-readily biodegradable	Oxygen consumption		EU Method C.4-D (Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Readily biodegradable	Biochemical oxygen demand	91.700	%
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production		OECD Guideline 301C
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Readily biodegradable			OECD guideline 301B
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable			
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable			
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	Readily biodegradable	Dissolved organic carbon	90.000	10days
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production		OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)
Pyrithione zinc	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production		OECD 301B CO2evolution

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	6.620	
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor		
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	19.210	L/kg ww
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	54.000	≤ 54
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	5.750	carcass
	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	48.100	viscera
Pyrrithione zinc	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	1.400	

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A
ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A
ADR-Special Provisions: N/A
ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A
ADR Limited Quantities: N/A
ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A
IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A
IATA-Label: N/A
IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A
IATA-Erg: N/A
IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A
IMDG-Segregation: N/A
IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A
IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 30, 40, 55, 70, 75

The supplied synthetic polymer microparticles are subject to the conditions of Annex XVII, entry 78, of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council. See section 7,8 for the instructions for use and disposal.

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 5.49 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 68.57 g/L

REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012

The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments.

Substances included in Regulation (EU) n. 528/2012 (concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products):

Nomenclature IUPAC: Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 247-500-7) and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 220-239-6) (Mixture of CMIT/MIT)

Nomenclature BPR: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)

CAS number: 55965-84-9

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/131 ; Nomenclature IUPAC: octhilinone (ISO); 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Nomenclature BPR: OIT

CAS number: 26530-20-1

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress.

Product-type 7: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress.

Product-type 8: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation EU 2017/1277

Product-type 10: Construction material preservatives

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress. Nomenclature IUPAC: 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Nomenclature BPR: BIT

CAS number: 2634-33-5

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2025/929; Nomenclature IUPAC: 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Nomenclature BPR: MIT

CAS number: 2682-20-4

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved.

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2025/1257; Nomenclature IUPAC: 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate

Nomenclature BPR: IPBC

CAS number: 55406-53-6

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved EU 1037/2013

Commission Implementing Regulation

Product-type 7: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress. Competent authority evaluation

Product-type 8: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation EU 2015/1728

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether

ethanediol; ethylene glycol

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/2/Inhal	Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008 Classification procedure

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

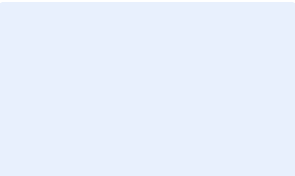
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information



Exposure Scenario

Ethane-1,2-diol

Exposure Scenario, 09/08/2021

Substance identity	
	Ethane-1,2-diol
CAS No.	107-21-1
INDEX No.	603-027-00-1
EINECS No.	203-473-3
Registration number	01-2119456816-28

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b)

1. ES 1

Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Use in coatings - Use in rigid foams, coatings, adhesives and sealants
Date - Version	09/08/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) - Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b)

Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1	ERC8d
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Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Material transfers	PROC8a
CS3 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS4 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11
CS5 Handling and dilution of concentrates	PROC19

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure**1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8d)**

Environmental release categories	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor) (ERC8d)
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Product (article) characteristics**Physical form of product:**

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)**Amounts used:**

Daily amount per site = 5479 kg

Release type: Continuous release**Emission days:** 365 days per year***Technical and organisational conditions and measures*****Control measures to prevent releases**

Municipal sewage treatment plant is assumed.	Air - minimum efficiency of: = 95 % Water - minimum efficiency of: = 87 %
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Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)**Waste treatment**

Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations.

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Exposure duration < 8 h

Frequency:

Use frequency < 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %
--	--

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use

Professional use

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Exposure duration < 8 h

Frequency:

Use frequency < 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %
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operation conditions followed.		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Personal protection		
Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.		Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
Other conditions affecting worker exposure		
Indoor use Professional use Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature. Body parts exposed: Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.		
1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)		
Process Categories	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)	
Product (article) characteristics		
Physical form of product: Liquid		
Concentration of substance in product: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.		
Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Amounts used: Application rate 0.05 L/min		
Duration: Exposure duration < 150 min		
Frequency: Use frequency < 5 days per week		
Technical and organisational conditions and measures		
Technical and organisational measures Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Personal protection		
Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.		Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 80 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 40 %
Other conditions affecting worker exposure		
Indoor use Professional use Room size: Covers use in room size of < 1000 m³ Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature. Body parts exposed: Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands and forearms.		
1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Handling and dilution of concentrates (PROC19)		
Process Categories	Manual activities involving hand contact (PROC19)	

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Exposure duration < 15 min

Frequency:

Use frequency < 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use

Professional use

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 12.94 mg/m ³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.37
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 13.71 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.01

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 12.94 mg/m ³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.37
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 2.74 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.03

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 14.05 mg/m ³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.4
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 53.75 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.51

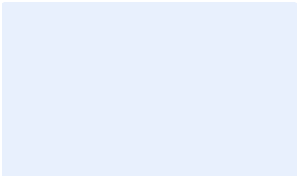
1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Handling and dilution of concentrates (PROC19)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 6.47 mg/m ³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.18
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 14.14 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.13

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



Exposure Scenario

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Exposure Scenario, 13/07/2021

Substance identity	
	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
CAS No.	112-34-5
INDEX No.	603-096-00-8
EINECS No.	203-961-6
Registration number	01-2119475104-44

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

1. ES 1

Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks
Date - Version	23/03/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1 Low environmental release	ERC8c - ERC8f
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Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application - General measures (eye irritants)	PROC10 - PROC9 - PROC13
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1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8c, ERC8f)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) - Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8c, ERC8f)
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*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Solid, low dustiness

Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00022 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Outdoor use

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Ensure that direction of application is only horizontal or downward. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

Additional conditions human health

Application of solvent-borne or water-borne products

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application - General measures (eye irritants) (PROC10, PROC9, PROC13)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC10, PROC9, PROC13)
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*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Solid, high dustiness
Solid, low dustiness

Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00022 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure**Duration:**

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours <= 8 h

Frequency:

Use frequency = 230 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures**Technical and organisational measures**

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation**Personal protection**

Use suitable eye protection.

Provide employee with skin care programmes.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Covers indoor and outdoor use

Professional use

Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.**Additional Good Practice Advice:**

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source**1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8c, ERC8f)****Additional information on exposure estimation:**

As no environmental hazard was identified no environmental-related exposure assessment and risk characterization was performed.

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application - General measures (eye irritants) (PROC10, PROC9, PROC13)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v3	< 1

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES**Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:**

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.